## Haskell Unit 8: Interactive Programs

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## Introduction

There are several ways of handling I/O in Haskell. The simplest is to use what is know as stream-based I/O. More information can be found in Richard Bird, *Introduction to Functional Programming using Haskell* (1998), section 9.6, pp. 319-322. Much more information can be found in Bird and Wadler, *Introduction to Functional Programming* (1988), section 7.8, pp. 196-203. In stream-based I/O the hard work of reading and writing is done for you; all that you have to do is to define a function from String to String, where String is just [Char]. A very simple example follows:

```
capitalises :: String -> String
capitalises = map toUpper
```

To run this as an interactive program you just issue the command interact capitalises. What you type is passed to the function capitalises as its argument and the value of the function capitalises appears on the terminal. The following is a more complicated example:

```
before x = takeWhile (/= x)
after x = tail . dropWhile (/= x)
type StCo = String -> String
read1 :: String -> (String -> StCo) -> StCo
read1 msg g input
    = msg ++ line ++ "\n" ++ g line input'
    where line = before '\n' input
        input' = after '\n' input
```

```
read2 :: (String,String)
      -> ((String,String) -> StCo)
      -> StCo
read2 (msg1, msg2) g
  = read1 msg1 g1
    where g1 line1 = read1 msg2 g2
                      where g2 line2 = g (line1, line2)
write :: String -> StCo -> StCo
write msg g input = msg ++ g input
end _ = ""
enter :: a -> b -> [(a,b)] -> [(a,b)]
enter k v t = (k, v) : t
lookup1 :: Eq a => [(a,String)] -> a -> String
lookup1 t k
  | vs /= [] = head vs
  | otherwise = "No entry"
                where vs = [w | (c, w) < -t, c == k]
newtable = []
table :: [(String,String)] -> StCo
table t
  = read1 "Command: " tcommand
    where
    tcommand "enter" = read2 ("Key: ", "Value: ") tenter
    tcommand "lookup" = read1 "Key: " tlookup
    tcommand "end" = write "Exit program\n" end
tcommand _ = write "Unknown command\n\n" (table t)
    tenter (k, v)
                     = write "\n\n" (table (enter k v t))
                      = write (lookup1 t k ++ "\n\n") (table t)
    tlookup k
```